WEYLER ORDERED BACK.

HE MUST RETURN TO HAVANA IN VIEW OF THE MONETARY CRISIS. A 55 Gold Piece Is Quoted at \$11.70 in Pane

Money Hungry Mobs Threaten the Public Peace—Police Reinforced—The People Told That We Have Caused Their Troubles. HAVANA, May 12, via Key West, May 13,-Gen. Weyler has received orders from Madrid to return to Havana as soon as possible and try to alleviate the paper-money crisis, which is be ming more alarming every day. A Spanish live-dollar gold piece is now worth \$11.70 in the Government currency, and the price of all articles in the markets is so high as to be out of the reach of the poorer classes. Famine is rapidly spreading in the capital itself. The same terriole spectacles of starvation and distress wit pessed in the country towns are now presented to the public of Havans, and hungry people rowd some of the suburbs, threaten to invade the principal streets of the city and fight for

The battalion of civil guards called Orden Publico has been reinforced and ordered to be ready for any emergency.

Gen. Weyler has telegraphed from Santa Clare province instructing the authorities here to deal sternly with the speculators, who, in his opinion are responsible for the present situation. This despatch from Weyler has increased the panic, for it is regarded as a threat from the Captain-General that he will persecute innocent persons.

The real cause of the depreciation of the paper money and of the great financial distress is Weyler's own authorization to the Spanish Bank of the Island of Cuba to redeem in silver no more than 5 per cent, of the currency presented for redemption at the bank. This decree, which took effect last week, marked the first great downfall of the paper money, as it showed that the Government was really bankrupt.

Weyler's policy of repression and force in this matter can have no other effect than to provoke scenes of disorder and revolt in Havana.

A condition of complete anarchy is impending. from which the representatives of American interests and American citizens may be in great danger of their lives. The Spanish officials, who are now the only gainers under the Spanish regime, are suggesting to the masses the idea that the United States is responsible for the situation, inasmuch as its citizens have aided the revolutionary movement by sending arms and ammunition to the insurgents.

Grave charges to this effect were made by ex-Gov. Porrua before leaving Havana for Spain on Monday. He said that it was a shameful policy for Spain to release American citizens and then to accept any interference by the United States on behalf of the famine-stricken Americans on the island. In his opinion Americans ought to be treated in Cuba as enemies worse than the revolutionists themselves. These declarations from Señor Porrua produced considerable excitement and comment,

Alfreda Laborde, Captain of the alleged filibustering schooner Competitor, is in danger of being shot. His case is in the hands of a military tribunal of the Navy Department. Ona Melton tribunal, according to the treaty of 1821 between Spain and the United States. The excuse of the Spaniards that Laborde has not proved his American nationality means his death sentence. Before leaving Havana for Santa Clara province Weyler declared that of the Competitor's crew was willing to pardon all except Laborde. Laborde was born in New Orleans.

Near Santa Clara a serious engagement occur-red yesterday in which the Spanish battalion of Tetuan was routed with heavy losses. The authorities here keep all the details secret.

ported last week and in which the Cuban physician, Dr. Sculino, and many other sick and wounded Cubans fell victims to Spanish bar-Farrell is pastor. barity, happened at Yaguajay, in the jurisdiction of Remedios, Santa Clara province.

Lieut. Ulpiano Ojeda, who was very sick with fever in the hospital under the care of Dr. Seulino, was among the murdered men. His nead was severed from his body while:

PARDON FOR CUBAN OFFENDERS. Talk of Extending Amnesty to Many Person on the King's Birthday.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN MADRID, May 13.- In accordance with the desire of Queen Regent Christina that amnesty be granted to offenders in Cuba on the occa sion of the King's birthday, May 17, Gen. Azcarraga, Minister of War, communicated with Captain-General Weyler, asking him whether, in his opinion, such a course would be advisable. Gen. Weyler replied that it would be feasible to grant amnesty to all offenders, except dynamiters, after due exam

ination in each case,

Amnesty will be extended to many political suspects who were expelled from Cuba and who are now at the Spanish penal stations, provided that they belong to the Provinces of Havana Matanzas, Santa Clara, and Pinar del Rio, which

CALL FOR INTERVENTION.

Bankers and Merchants of Boston and Phila delphia Join in the New York Appeal.

The memorial which, as THE SUN told yester day morning, a number of merchants and bankers of this city have been getting up, asking the United States Government to do what it can to put an end to the war in Cuba and restore peace to the island, will be presented to Secretary o State John Sherman within the next ten days. The greatest secreey has been observed by those interested in the memorial, and much surprise was expressed by them yesterday over the publication of the matter in THE SUN. They had managed to keep it quiet in this city, but it leaked out through Havana, where the representatives of some of the biggest American interests there had been informed of the measures about to be taken to invoke the intervention of the United

The firm which undertook the work of drawing up the memorial and securing the signa-tures to it was Mosle Bros., bankers, of 16 Exchange place. Representatives of the firm have been in conference for some time with a number of the leading bankers and merchants of the city who have interests in Cuba, and the memorial was not drafted until almost all of them had agreed to put their signatures to it.

Among the first to express a willingness t sign the paper was the firm of Lawrence Turnure & Co., bankers, of 50 Wall street. They have done a very large business in Cuba for many years, representing the Spanish Bank of Cuba and also the municipality of Havana in the payment of coupons on Havana Water works bonds. James E. Ward & Co., owners o the New York and Cuba Mail Steamship Company: August Belmont & Co., and a number of other prominent firms which have interests in Cuba were also among the original signers of

Cuba were also among the original signers of the memorial.
In order to facilitate matters several copies of the memorial were made and sent to Boston and Philadelphia, where the signatures wanted were speedily obtained and sent back to this city. The original memorial is now in the safe in the office of Mosie Bros., and there it will remain until it is forwarded to Washington.

Adolf Pavenstedt, a member of the firm of Mosie Bros., said yesterday:

"We had resolved to keep the matter a secret," he said, "until it was presented to Secretary Shorman. We regarded that as the proper and courisous course to pursue, and, although the matter has loaked out, we shall continue to refuse to give any information about it to any of the newspapers. Everybody who has been saked to sign has been requested at the same time to keep the matter a secret, and we do not believe that any of the signers has broken his word. There are several hundred signatures how, and all I can add to that is that it will be presented to Secretary Sherman within the next ten days. The memorial is now locked up in our safe, and will not be taken out until it is sent to Washington."

From other sources it was learned that the memorial simply requests the Government, in the interests of humanity and commerce, to take

From other sources it was learned that the memorial simply requests the Government, in the interests of humanity and commerce, to take such steps as it can to stop the war in Cuba. The document does not contain one word of polities. The signers, in support of their position, point out numerous facts to show the extent of the destruction of property in Cuba during the last two years, and the consequent destruction of trade between the island and this country. Prior to 1895 our imports from Cuba averaged \$75,000,000. In 1895 our imports were reduced to \$25,000,000. In 1895 our imports were reduced to \$30,000,000. In 1895 our exports were reduced to \$30,000,000. and our exports to \$7,000,000. The property of many American citizens, the paper

A TEN-YEAR-OLD CRIMINAL.

Joseph Angert, who occasionally lives with his parents at 307 Third street, Jersey City, is only 10 years old, and is small for his age, but he is confirmed criminal with a record. He began his riminal career in this city in 1893, when he was only 6 years old. On Sept. 28 of that year he convicted of stealing diamond earrings, gold rings, bracelets and other jewelry from Mrs. Elizabeth Bloch, who lived at that time at 221 Henry street, this city. He was committed to the Juvenile Asylum, but escaped in a few nonths. Since then he has been arrested fre quently for burglary and larceny, but always escaped punishment on account of his youth and the tears which were always at his command.
Yesterday Joseph was arraigned before Police Justice Nevin on a charge of till-tapping. Geraldo Ceoffe keeps a saloon at 309 Third street. On Tuesday night he went to the rear of the saloon to take an order, and during his absence his till was robbed of \$6. Some customers told Ceoffe that a small boy had gone behind the bar while he was away, but they thought nothing of it, as they supposed that the boy was the saloon keeper's son. The description they gave answered that of young Angert, but he could not be found until Wednesday night, when his father saw him in Third street, wearing a new suit of clothes. His father tried to take him home, but the boy bit and scratched him and made such a vigorous resistance that a crowd gathered. A policeman took Joseph to the Seventh street police station. The boy did not deny that he had taken the money. George Angert, his father, will ask the Court to send Joseph to the Reform School, being convinced that he is incorrigible. quently for burglary and larceny, but always es

THE ACKLAN DIVORCE BILL.

the Belaware Legislature.

Dovge Del. May 13 -The House this morn ing, by a vote of 20 to 0, indefinitely postponed the Acklan Divorce bill. Mrs. Acklan, the youthful applicant, and her mother, Mrs. Crocker, have declared repeatedly that they had been approached by various persons, including offlcers of the General Assembly, both by letter and personally, who told them it would take money, probably \$6,000, to put the bill through. This scandal, and another equally notorious, led to the appointment of a committee by the House to investigate the rumors. The second scandal was ventilated thoroughly, but the Acklans refused to appear here or to furnish the letters which they said they had received. Under these circumstances, the passage of the bill by the Senate two days ago caused great surprise, especially since none of the parties to the case are residents of Delaware. Mr. Hazell, Chairman of the Committee on Investigation of the charges of bribery, in supporting the motion this morning, denounced Mrs. Acklanas "an adventuress, who has besmirched the reputation of members by her insinuations, to which she is too cowardly to testify." personally, who told them it would take money,

to testify."
The special committees which investigated the charges of bribery against Senator Coyle and Representative McCullough, made by James H. Hoofecker, Jr., counsel for Mrs. H. Victor Gauze, who was seeking a divorce at the hands of the Legislature, presented their reports to the two houses respectively this afternoon and were discharged. The reports agree in stating that the testimony was so conflicting that no specific conclusions could be formed from it. They left the matter as they found it.

STOPPED SALVATIONIST MUSIC. it Interrupted St. Joseph's Services, So Pathe

The Tremont branch of the Salvation Army, when it left, under compulsion, its quarters a

Washington avenue and 177th street, removed to the southwest corner of 176th street and Washington avenue, directly opposite St. Joeph's R. C. Church, of which the Rev. Peter When services were held in the church or

Wednesday night the windows were left open on account of the heat. Just as Father Farrell was in the middle of a prayer the strains of martial music and loud cries of "Hallelujah! Praise God!" came floating in through the windows. The uproar continued to increase until it complotely drowned the priest's voice.
Father Farrell finally left the altar, and, clad
in his cassock and berretta, started over to the
Salvation Army quarters. His appearance in
the room caused the singing to cease, and the
Salvationists to start.

the room caused the singing to cease, and the Salvationists to starce.

"This must stop," said the priest. "I cannot conduct my services with such an awful uproar, if it is not stopped at once I will go to law bout it."

If it is not stopped at once I will go to law about it."

"We are both serving the same God," said one of the Salvationists, "and have as much right to carry on our services as you have."

Cries of "Praise God" and "Giory to Jesus" interrupted the speaker.

"If you continue with your music," said the priest as he left the room, "I will call an officer."

That ended the devotions of the Salvation Army for the night, and now all the neighbors are awaiting developments.

BALLOON GOES DOWN AT BEA.

There Was No Man Abourd It. So Near a

Pilot William Furrie of pilot boat 20 brought in the Norwegian fruit steamer Leon yesterday morning and reported having seen on Wednesday afternoon at 5:40 o'clock off the Jersey coast nine miles from Sandy Hook a white baloon. It was adrift, and it sailed rapidly through the air, descending all the time, struck the water half a mile from the pilot boat, and disappeared immediately. The balloon came from the South. Four American flags projected from the bouth of it. Depending from the base was a rope and anchor, but there was no basket or car. The boat's crew could find no vestige of it affoat. Furrie was the first pilot from the boat 20 to get into port, and at Quarantine he halled a SUN reporter, who is an old friend of his, and asked whether any balloon had got away. He couldn't give the dimensions of the balloon, but he said it was big enough to carry a man.

Maybe it was made of paper, which might account for its sudden collapse on getting to the water. the air, descending all the time, struck the water

LYNCHING THREATENED.

Oitver Reed of Michigan Assaults His Cousin's Daughter in Jefferson County.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., May 13 .- Oliver Reed of Michigan has been the guest of his cousin, Mrs. Walstein Wright, at Depauville, about sixteen miles from this city, for several days, Last night at about 6 o'clock, while Mr. and Mrs. night at about 6 o'clock, while Mr. and Mrs. Wright were at the barn, he assaulted their tenyear-old daughter, Effle. He made his escape, and all night and all to-day searching parties have scoured the surrounding country. Depauville is in a terrible state of excitement, and if Reed is caught within a few days, before the excitement subsides, he will certainly be lyached, as it is reported that preparations have been made to do this if he is brought back to the made to uo this if he is brought back to the town. The girl is in a precarious condition to-night, and her recovery is considered doubtful. If she dies it will make three murders that have been committed in Jefferson county in four weeks.

A 9-Year-Old Cirl Dies After an Assault. EVANSVILLE, Ind., May 13.-Lizzie Buenti, the 9-year-old daughter of Henry Buenti, a farmer living five miles from Evansville, was sent with s younger brother yesterday morning to drive the cows out of an oat field. When the brother returned he said he had lost his sister. The father found her later in a clump of woods in a dying condition. She had been assaulted, and died while her father was bending over her. Suspicion is directed to a negro tramp who was seen later to enter the woods where the crime

GOLD HUNTERS ALL RIGHT.

Letters Received Here from Moses] Ra Terra del Fuego Party.

A despatch from Buenos Ayres, published yesterday, said that the friends there of the goldceking party that left New York in October last for Terra del Fuego, on the schooner Joseph F. Loubat, formerly pilot boat 10, fear that the party had been lost. Mr. Henry C. Demorest of 16 East Fourteenth street, who is a friend of Moses Ransome, the leader of the party, said yesterday that they had been heard from at Terra del Fuego through letters written to their

CAN TALK ONLY GAELIC.

Pive Young Irish Pishermen Land Here En

Route for Springfield, Mass. Five hardy young Irishmen who could speak only Gaelic landed at Ellis Island yesterday from the White Star steamship Teutonic. They gave their pedigrees to the only Irish interpreter on the island. They said that they were fishermen from the north shore of their country, and that they were going to Springfield, Mass.

PAT GLEASON FOR MAYOR.

PLANT THE BATTLE AXE WHERE THE TEAPOT SINGS.

Into the Bace... Neither Ten nor Vicer" In His Party Siegnn-And Won't the Hig Garden He Jammed When P. J. Taken the Stump

Patrick Jerome Gleason, Mayor of Long Island City, is first at the post in the race for the Mayoralty Stakes of Greater New York. His emblem, the battle axe, will be in the forefront, so his friends say, until it takes the place of the teapot of Mayor Strong's administration. Petitions for signatures to nominate Patrick J Gleason for Mayor of the Greater New York were issued yesterday. The petition reads: "To the Board of Police Commissioners of the City of

New York;
"We, the undersigned, duly qualified voters of the State of New York and residents of the territory included within the limits of the mu nicipality created by chapter 378 of the Laws of 1897 under the corporate name of the City of New York, in accordance with the provisions of section 57 of the Election law, hereby make the following nomination for the office to be filled at the election to be held the 2d day of November, 1897, in said territory included within said municipality known as the City of New York, fo the election of municipal officers of said municipality, and to that end and purpose do state as follows:

pality, and to that end and purpose do state as follows:

"First, the title of the office to be filled for which nomination is made is Mayor.

"Second, the name of the candidate named for said office is l'atrick J. Gleason.

"Third, the residence of said candidate is 112
Front street, Long Island City.

"Fourth, the place of business of said candidate is City Half, Long Island City.

"Fifth, the political name which the signers select is 'Noither Tea nor Tiger.

"Sixth, we hereby select as the emblem or device to represent and distinguish the candidate hereby nominated by us a battle axe, and we designate and appoint Francis H. Van Vechten, residing at Hollis, New York, whose place of business is 132 Nassau street, New York city, to represent the signers of this certificate for the purpose set forth in section 66 of the election laws."

represent the signers of this certificate for the purpose set forth in section 66 of the election laws."

Mayor Glesson's friends are confident that he will secure the 3,000 signatures required by law for an independent nomination, and that he stands a good chance of changing his address from "City Hall, Long Island City." to "City Hall, New York." Mayor Gleason said last night that getting 3,000 signatures for him to run for an office would be child's play.

"If ully expect," said Mayor Gleason, "to have 1,00,000 signatures to my petition. At all events when it is filled with the Police Board President Moss and the other Commissioners will find it interesting reading."

Despite the peculiar name. "Neither Tea nor Tiger." selected for his party, the Mayor was equal to the occasion when asked to explain his choice. "Weyl, if will tell you. The people rejected the tiger for the tea, and now they are ready to admit that it was not a very successful change. The people want a more liberal government, just the kind that I could give them. It is all right to put up signs telling people to 'keep off the grass' in Central Park, but they want some privileges when it comes to the rest of the city, Government should be for the people and not entirely for the politicians.

Mayor Gleason is having 10,000 copies of his petition printed and has arranged with notaries public in all three cities to canvass for signatures. It is necessary that the work should be done by notaries, as each signer has to be sworn. He intends to atick to his old office at 112 Front Street, Long Island City, for the present. Later he will onen headquarters in some place suited to the champion of the common people. He says he does not want any fancy furniture about his headquarters and that it will not be necessary to have a barroom down stairs, as the parties do who campaign from some big hotel.

It is the ambition of the Chief Executive of Long Island City to make a speech in Madison Square Garden and tell a large assemblage just what kind of governm

SAY THINGS ABOUT THE CITS. Republicans Pitch Into the "Non-Partisan"

The militant Republicans in the New York county organization said yesterday that they were tired waiting for the gentlemen of the Citizens' Union to reply to Senator Platt's recent exposition of the situation in the fight for a Mayor of Greater New York, and were going to

my a few things themselves. In the first place, they declared that the Citzens' Union Committee of 250 was in no respect different in its purposes from the Committee of Seventy of 1894. The Citizens' Union Commit-tee of 250, it was added, like the Committee of Seventy, demands that the affairs of Greater New York shall be conducted upon a strictly non-partisan basis. Its platform said: "Municipal government should be entirely

divorced from party politics and from selfish personal ambition or gain." The fighters in the New York Republican

county organization then quoted from Senator Platt's recent interview as follows: I have seen a good many insolent attempts to usurp power and grab public benefits, but this performance of the best citizens for sheer audacity and wanton recklessness has no counterpart within my experience of politics. * * By raising a great huilabaloo about bossiam, by constant and victous assaults upon the integrity of Republican leaders, they have succeeded in raising suspicion and resentment in the mind of the Republican voter, and from that point it was easy to carry thin off into some sort of political enterprise, which, glorified as a movement in the interest of pure government, was also simply a scheme to secure to the best citizens themselves the benefit of office.

The New York Republican fighters added:

"It is interesting to note how perfectly the facts sustain this statement of Mr. Platt. The Citizens' Union Committee of 1897 is in all respects like the Committee of Seventy of 1894. Forty of the seventy are now the leading men of the 250. Of the other thirty nearly all are either dead or are in public positions which make them ineligible for a non-partisan committee to-day.

"In 1894 the Committee of Seventy was organized for a non-partisan government of the city of New York. In its declaration of its

ganized for a non-partisan government of the city of New York. In its declaration of its principles it announced that no member should seek or hold public office. Nevertheless, the following members of the committee have received lucrative positions:

8,000

10,000

William L. Strong, Mayor Charles H. T. Collis, Commissioner of Public Works Public Works

Horace Porter, Ambassador to France

Horace Porter, Ambassador to France

William Travers Jerome, Police Justice

Anson G. McCook, City Chamberlain

John P. Faure, Charities Commissioner

James P. Archibald, Warden Ludiow

street jail

James A. Hianchard, Concourse Con
demnation Commissioner

John Claffin, Rapid Transit Commissloner . George L. Rives, Rapid Transit Commis-sloner . Lewis L. Delafield, Secretary, Rapid Lewis L. Belancia, Secretary Experience Transit Commissioners.
William B. Hornblower, unsuccessful candidate for Supreme Court Justice, Julius Sternberger, candidate for U. S. Consulate, Hamburg.
A. S. Frissell, President, Fifth Avenue National Bank, favorite depository

missioner

"A number of other members of the Committee of Seventy have been receiving indirect pecuniary benefits from the city. In addition to the pecuniary benefits accruing directly to the members of the Seventy, patronage to the amount of hundreds of thousands has gone to their followers in the shape of minor offices in the city departments. The game is worth another trial. Under the Greater New York, with an increased public expenditure, they have formed a larger committee—a committee of 250. They are still non-partisan and they would not accept public office.

"What a mass of cant there is going about, to What a mass of cant there is going about, to

"What a mass of cant there is going about, to be sure! It is rather tough navigating through such fogs and mirages for political skippers who employ old-fashioned rules in hopes to make a innting. Most happy is the man in these days who loves sham, whether consciously or unconsciously, for after getting an office (for himself), he can prate in the ear of the fearfully gulled public of the crying necessity in our time for non-partisanahip in the conduct of our municipal affairs."

As a matter of fact it was stated very posipal affairs."

As a matter of fact it was stated very positively yesterday that some of the most important Republicans in the New York county organization still believe, after all, that a straight Republican ticket is the only one that should be nominated.

No Fusion in the Maine Congress Election. PITTSFIELD, May 13 .- The Democratic and Populist Congress conventions, to name a candi-date to succeed the late Mr. Milliken, were held here to-day, but the fusion which was anticipated was a failure. There were only six of the Populist delegates present, and while it was the Populist delegates present, and while it was the wish of Dr. B. F. Lancaster, the Populist candidate, to indorse the Democratic nominee, his constituency fiatly refused. Dr. Lancaster was made the unanimous choice of the Populists. In the Democratic convention, which followed immediately after the Populist, Frederick W. Plaisted of Augusta was nominated by acclamation. The Democrate concede as large a majority to Gov. Burleigh, the Republican candidate, as was given to Milliken last year. \$17,838.9

Clothing and

Furnishings, Damaged by Water

Through Fire on our Fourth Floor May 10th

Go on Sale This Day AT REDUCTIONS OF 333 and 50 %. ALL NEW GOODS.

REMEMBER AT FULTON ST. Store Only.

Broadway, Near White St.

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BURLEIGH DEFEATED.

V. Baker Has Full Sweep in the Washington County Republican Convention.

WHITEHALL, N. Y., May 13.-The result of the Washington County Republican Convention, held here this afternoon, was a victory for I. V. Baker. Charles R. Paris, a Bakerite, was nominated for Assemblyman. Baker won every tee from Burleigh, who secured its control two years ago. There was a large attendance, all with the expectation that the disgraceful proceedings which marked the notorious Argyle convention two years ago would be repeated. It was at that time that noses were punched, hair pulled, and general disorder prevailed. The spectators were disappointed. It was a peaceful affair as far as general order was concerned. There was a Burleigh contest from Fort Ann, Baker's town, and a Baker contest from Fort Edward. These contests were both thrown out by the County Committee and a list of the regu-larly elected delegates made up for the roll. This gave Baker a clear majority of twenty-five

In its gave maser a clear majority of twenty-five in the convention.

The convention was called to order at 2:30 P. M. in Music Hall by E. J. Gray, who announced as Chairman the Hon. H. G. Burleigh. I. V. Baker was on his feet in an instant with fire in his eye. Burleigh was on the stage, and, jumping up, gained recognition from the Chair and said:

"I did not have merchant to the control of t

his eye. Burieigh was on the stage, and, Jumping up, gained recognition from the Chair and said:

"I did not know my name was to be presented to the convention, and distinctly stated that under no circumstance would I allow my name to be used against my townsman, Judge Lillie, which would appear that there was a contest in our delegation.

Burleigh closed by declining the honor and naming Judge Lillie for Chairman. This settled the organization and practically the result of the convention. Great cheering followed. Baker came in for his share of the harmony, and seconded the nomination, which prevailed.

On an informal ballot being taken for member of Assembly, Charles R. Paris of Sandy Hill received 77 and Emmett J. Gray 56. There was a quick motion that Paris be nominated by acclamation, which was seconded by Burleigh and carried amid cheers. The people could hardly fathom the kind of politics that Burleigh was playing. Paris up to this time was one of his most formidable enemies, and now Burleigh seconds the motion for Paris's nomination.

The contest for Sheriff was sharp and spirited. There were five candidates. Burleigh's candidate withdrew after the ninth ballot. John Hulett, a strong Bakerite, was nominated on the eleventh ballot, having received 77 out of the 133 votes. Baker nominated the rest of the ticket as follows:

County Clerk, Rodney Van Wormer; Superintendent of Poor, H. Burch. The new County Committee is made up with ten Baker men to seven for Burleigh, which now gives Baker full sweep in Washington county.

WILL JUMP ON THE RAINES LAW

The Executive Committee of the Independence Hall Democracy met at its headquarters, Third avenue and Twenty-seventh street, last night, and voted to inaugurate the campaign of hostility to the Raines law amendments and other Albany legislation at a meeting to be held at the big hall of Cooper Union on Tuesday evening, May 25. Julius Harburger will speak. The committee appointed to take charge of the arrangements for the meeting, to which admission will be by licket, consists of Daniel S. Jacobs of the Charmakers Union, Chairman; Herman B. Von Tronk, City Marshal Edward J. Healey, Peter C. Hamburger, Rudolph Marks, and Frederick Rehtz. There are to be 1,200 delegates tickets and 1,800 other tickets issued. The names of the speakers were not decided upon, Ernest Harvier presided at last night's meeting. Albany legislation at a meeting to be held at the

THEY WANTED TO BE FIREMEN. Two Boys Make an Experiment That Endangers Their Little Sister.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 13.-Two little sons of Olse Gentry, an Independence, Mo., druggist, have been ambitious to become firemen, and so their father provided them with a tin wagon and reel and a piece of garden hose. After extinguishing several fires made of news-

papers and shavings, they concluded to have a good big fire with a rescue, so they built a house of pine boxes, placed their little sister, 18 months old, inside and fired the pile. Then they rung the dinner bell violently and dashed up to the fire with their apparatus.

Mrs. Gentry heard the baby's cries and fiew to the rescue just in time to save the little one's life. In a few moments more it would have perished.

EMPEROR WILLIAM'S MOTIVES.

Paris Newspapers Think They See Politics 1 His Gift to the Charity Bazaar. Paris, May 13 .- Some of the most prominent

Paris newspapers interpret the German Emperor's gift of 8,000 marks to the Charity Bazaar fund, together with other incidents, as preliminary to a Franco-German entente, especially designed to oppose Great Britian in Africa.

The Matin and the Solie! on the other hand, protest against the course of the papers in criticising the act of the Emperor as in opposition to Great Britain. AMERICAN JUBILEE GIFTS.

Our Countrymen in England Will Endow Pive Hospital Reds. London, May 13 .- As a memorial of the Queen's diamond jubilee the Americans resid-ing in England have decided to endow a bed in

hospitals, each bed to be endowed with the sum of £1,000. The bads will be especially for the use of Americans, but other patients will be ad-British Sailors Who Rescued Americans LONDON, May 13.-The Board of Trade has recaived the gold watch and medals awarded by President McKinley to the Captain of the Brit-

perpetuity in each of the five leading London

ish steamer Fifeshire and his officers for their rescue of the crew of the American ship Patri-cian, who were picked up at sea by the Fifeshire in August last. Chinese Loan for \$89,000,000. PERIN, May 13.—A preliminary contract for a Chinese loan of £16,000,000 has been signed on behalf of a British syndicate of capitalists.

A Gold Mine Shuts Down.

BUTTE, Mont., May 13.-The Hope gold mine t Basin, owned principally by United States Senator Carter, closed down to-day because the management could not pay back wages due the miners. An effort is being made to roorganize the property with the aid of some Chicago capi-

A PEACEMAKER KILLED.

SKULL FRACTURED WHEN SEERING TO PREVENT A FIGHT.

Ricked Repeatedly While Prestrate by the Man from Whom He Protected His Friend— Bystanders Who Look on Decline to Inter-fere, and Allow His Assailant to Escape. James Glacken, a laborer of 1108 Second ave

nue, while acting as peacemaker in a fight be-tween two fellow laborers at 42 West Fortyfourth street, last evening, was knocked down and sustained injuries from which he died within a few minutes. Glacken and Hugh Strain of 309 East Forty-

fourth street called at the bachelor apartment house, which is being built next door to the Bar Association's home, shortly before 6 o'clock to apply for a job. While in the building they vere seen by two men named Gallagher and Cooney, who were at work in it.

Strain was foreman over Cooney when the power house of the cable road was in process of construction at Sixth avenue and Fiftieth street, and they had a row there which resulted in Cooney being discharged. When Cooney saw Strain he called upon Gallagher to help him, and started to attack Strain. Glacken grabbed Cooney and tried to quiet him, while Gallagher chased Strain out of the building. Cooney began to fight with Glacken, and the men clinched and struggled out into the street.

A group of nearly a score of laborers gathered around, and although they saw Cooney knock Glacken down and kick him twice in the body and once in the head, they made no attempt to interfere. Glacken lay motionless, bleeding from a bad wound in the head after the third kick, and Cooney, becoming alarmed, ran away. None of the laborers who witnessed the assault attempted to stop him. Mrs. Ella Foster, who lives on the top floor at 69 West Forty-fourth street, opposite the scene where the assault occurred, screamed to the men to stop Cooney, but they paid no attention to her.

Gallagher caught Strain after a run of fifty yards, and struck him. Strain ran to Fifth avenue to find a policeman, and, not succeeding, hurried back to the building. Gallagher made off when he saw Glacken's body on the sidewalk. Strain told a passing messenger to get a policeman, while he stood over his unconscious friend, Glacken.

The boy found Policeman Glennon of the East Fifty-first street station, who summoned an ambulance from the Flower Hospital. Glacken's pulse was still beating when Surgeon Stocker arrived, but the injured man died on the way to the hospital and the body was taken to the station.

Coroner Hoeber said that Glacken had died of and once in the head, they made no attempt to

station.

Coroner Hoeber said that Glacken had died of a fractured skull, inflicted by either the kick or his fall to the sidewalk. Glacken's wife is fill in bed with rheumatism. She has been laid up for several months and she and her three children

years old.

Cooney is described as wearing a blue serge suit. He is 45 years old, 5 feet 9 inches tall, weighs 200 pounds, has a sandy complexion and hair, and is smooth shaven. Gallagher is 44 years old, 5 feet 8 inches tall, and has a florid complexion. The police are trying to find them. Strain is held as a witness.

LIQUOR TAX RECEIPTS. 99, 158,649 Received to Date, of Which the

State's Share Is \$3,051,216. ALBANY, May 13.-The total liquor tax re celpts under the Raines law for the first ten days of the present year, which commenced on May 1, so far as the same have been reported to the State Excise Department, &c \$9,153,648. State Excise Commissioner Lyman said to-night that the total receipts would probably aggregate \$11,000,000, or about the same as last year, notwithstanding the fact that a large number of notwithstanding the fact that a large number of places which took out liquor tax certificates last year were forced to go out of business this year, being unable to continue at a profit.

The State's one-third share of the moneys so far collected amounts to \$3,051,216. The Legislature in making up the tax rate this year estimated the State's revenue from this source at \$3,250,000. It is likely that it will be \$500,000 more than was estimated.

FOUNDLING IN DR. HOEBER'S AREA.

Later in First Avenue. Carl Kohring, a schoolboy, of 616 Lexington evenue, while passing the apartment house in which Coroner Hoeber lives at 612 Lexington avenue yesterday morning, discovered a foundavenue yesternay morning, discovered a found-ling in the area. He took it to the East Fifty-lirst street station.

The foundling was a boy, two months old, and was clothed in silk garments. Detective Kern took him to Bellevue Hospital.

Policeman Burns of the East Fifth street sta-tion brought a month old, boy baby to Bellevue Hospital last evening. He was found in the hall at 126 First avenue.

Lutheran Cemetery Suicide Was Theodore Schmitz. The man who was found dead in the Lutheran Cemetery on Tuesday, having committed sui-cide by taking carbolic acid, was identified yesterday as Theodore Schmitz of 155 Clymer street, Williamsburg. Schmitz was 72 years old. He disappeared on Monday morning.

old. He disappeared on Monday morning. He told his family before going away that he would take a walk. When he failed to return in the evening his sons made a search, but were unable to obtain any trace of him.

A boy who was going through the wooded portion of the cemetery on Tuesday afternoon looking for birds came across the body. Beside Schmitz was an empty bottle which had contained carbolic acid. Schmitz also had in a pocket a long piece of rope. The body was taken to Newtown, where it was identified yesterday afternoon by a son of the dead man.

Schmitz was a retired cabinet maker, and for several years had been in poor health.

Woman Real Estate Agent Commits Suicide. ARRON, O., May 13,-Miss Nettle Leib, 28 years old, and a well-known and successful real estate dealer of this city, committed suicide last night by taking a mixture of chloral and car-bolic acid. Miss Leib was arrested yesterday for the embezzlement of \$106, on complaint of Mrs. Rosa Albertson of Orrville, for whom Miss Leib was agent. Dr. Greer and the Connecticut Diocese.

Dr. David H. Greer, rector of St. Bartholomew' Protestant Episcopal Church, was asked by a Sun reporter yesterday about a report that he was talked of for assistant Bishop of the Diocese of Connecticut. Dr. Greer said that he could in no wise be considered a candidate for the office which has not yet been created) and that he had not even heard that he had been talked of for it.

TIPTONVILLE, Tenn., May 13.-A saw mill boiler blew up at Reelfoot River, thirty miles from here, yesterday, killing Ed. Patterson, Dink Hodges, and two colored men, Warden and French Dade. Three other men were injured and will die.

Four Killed By a Boiler Explosion

Edith Behr Discharged from Prison ELIZAPETH, N. J., May 13.-Edith Behr, who was convicted of assault and battery on the Bloy brothers and sentenced by Judge Mc-Cormick to three months in the county jail, was discharged this morning, fifteen days being de-ducted from her sentence.

The Weather. The thermometer at the United States Weather Bu reau registered the temperature yesterday as follows: 9 A. M 58 03 6 P. M 60 12 M 60 67 8 P. M 58 8 P. M 60 67 8 P. M 58 8 P. M 60 66 12 Mid. 58 WASHINGTON FORECAST FOR FRIDAT. For Massachusetts, Rhode Island, and Connectiout,

For eastern New York, partly cloudy weather, with

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of Foreign & American Cloths. All the newest whims of fashion, \$1, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$2, \$2.50.

With or without ouffs. 841 Broadway, Cor. 13th St. 420 Broadway, Cor. Canal St.

265 Broadway, below Chambers St.

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the Clothing Market?

A complete innovation—upsetting and changing the present plans and calculations of Retail Clothing Merchants. Our vast Wholesale and Retail Spring stocks—completely new—completely fresh—completely up to date—and of the highest possible class -at the very opening and beginning of Spring at

Undreamed-of Prices.

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The Bottom HAS-Dropped Out of the Clothing Market.

Sale begins on Saturday-watch the papers to-night and

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Open Saturday Evening till 10.

Be Formally Presented June 17.

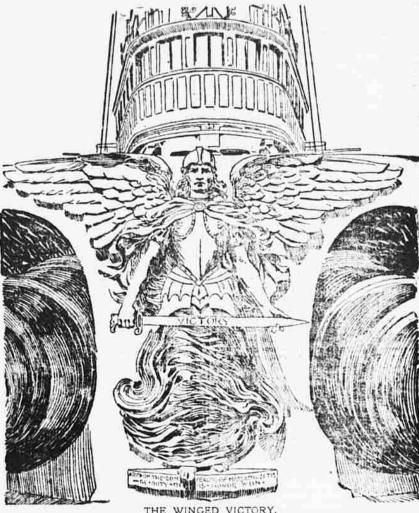
WINGED VICTORY TO BE UNVEILED.

The Bay State's Gift to the Massachusetts Will

Be Formally Presented June 17.

setts came up in the Legislature it was decided, after long consideration, to give some emblement of given in bronze that could be put Indo. a prominent place on the ship, preferably on the convertible of the ship.

When the big fighting ship Massachusetts leaves this port it will be to go to Boston in order that Gov. Welcott of Massachusetts may formally unveil and present to Capt. Rogers of the ship the "Winged Victory" that for some months past has adorned her forward turret. The date for the ceremony is June 17, the 122d anniversary of the battle of Bunker Hill. The big ship is out of dry dock, and lies moored in



namesake is unique. All the other ships of the new navy that have been put into commission have received silver services from the cities, towns, and States from which they derived their names. The San Francisco is the richest in this

RECTOR WEST ASKED TO RESIGN. He Says He Won't-Vestrymen Won't Tell What | A Well-Known Won! Firm and a Crockery

The Board of Vestry of St. John's Episcopal Church on Van Alst avenue, Long Island City, met last Saturday night and decided to request the resignation of the rector of the church, the Rev. George W. West. Just why this action | H. A. Mellen, T. E. Chamberlin, and G. B. Bulwas taken cannot be learned. It is especially dewas taken cannot be learned. It is to be a learned in the Right Rev. Bishop Little on will be at the church to-night to administer confirmation to a large class. It is said that some of the women of the church have had something to do with the trouble between the pastor and the vestry, but in what manner the women figure in it cannot be learned. learned.

The church has a long history of quarrels, and changes rectors almost yearly. Mr. West declares that he will not leave without a fight.

BLACKMAILER IN PRISON. The Courts Stop the Husiness of Colley's Infor mation Mill.

PERRY, Oklahoma, May 13.-Franklin Colley, who at one time was mentioned as candidate for delegate to Congress to fill the place now occupied by the Rev. John Callahan, was to-day sentenced to one year and six months in the penitentiary for blackmailing. It was charged that Colley attempted to extract hundreds of dollars from men and women to keep quiet about mat-ters which, he said, he knew about them. Wives were asked to pay \$25 to get certain informa-tion about their husbands, and husbands were asked to pay money to get information about their wives. Many letters were written to the best men and women of this city. When sen-tenced Colley said he was not guilty, but he knew who was the guilty person.

Trolley Car Eilis Saddle Horse; Rider Badly George Heims, 28 years old, a barber of Se

caucus, N. J., went horseback riding yesterday afternoon on the Paterson plank road. A trol-ley car of the Jersey City, Hoboken and Ruth-erford Railway struck the horse, knocking it down. The horse rolled over on Heinis, break-ing two of his ribs. He was also injured internally, and will probably die. The horse was Physician Arrested for a Bank Robbery. CHICAGO, May 13.-Dr. W. P. Mitchell, a phy-

Central Police Station on suspicion of having robbed a bank in that city in last September. He was arrested here yesterday as he alighted from a train. Dr. Mitchell occupied a room directly over the Spring Green Hank, which last September was robbed of \$800 in gold. "Wizard of Marion Street" Jailed. P. J. Dervine of 60 Prince street, who several

sician of Spring Green, Wis., is locked up at the

years ago won the title of "The Wizard of Marion street," on the strength of reported cures from a patent ointment, was arraigned in Centre Street Court yesterday on a charge of practising medicine without a license. He was Long

duty done is honor won.

Mr. Pratt, the sculptor, is a young man. He was born in Norwich, Coan, in 1867. He entered the Yale School of Fine Aris in 1885 and afterrespect, as the citizens of San Francisco gave so much silver that it has become a problem for every Captain of the ship to find places in which to store it. The Brooklyn this week is to receive a silver service worth \$10,000. When the question of a gift to the new battle ship Massachuhich has won sof six 7-foot entrance of one 12-foot

TWO BOSTON FAILURES.

Boston, May 13 .- Chamberlin Brothers & Co. wool dealers, 110 Atlantic avenue, assigned this

morning to Horatio Newhall, President of the lard. The house has been established for over thirty years and suffered largely in the big firs of 1872. Since then it has prospered, and of late has been credited with \$150,000 capital. Closely following the automorement of the assignment came that of the failure of the sidest wholesale crockery house in the city, that of Norcross, Mellen & Co. Merchants' row, a house with something five Side ood capital. The partners are Henry A. Mellen, Thomas E. Chamberlin, and G. B. Builard. The assignees are President Newhall of the Columbian Bank and P. S. Howe of Garrison & Howe. The two firms are closely associated, Mr. Chamberlin of the crockery house being a brother of T. E. Chamberlin of Chamberlin Bros. & Co. thirty years and suffered largely in the big fire

J. B. Dyar, a Detroit Capitalist, Assigns. DETROIT, Mich., May 13,-John B. Dyar, vell-known business man and capitalist, to-day gave bills of sale on properties valued at \$200, gave unis of saic on properties valued at \$200, cool to Frederick W. Whiting as trustee for creditors. Iteal estate, bank, railroad, and mining stocks are involved in the deal, as well as his interest in various industrial enterprises. Promoting electrical railways and securing franchises for them thed him ap timancially. There are rumors that some big creditors are yet unsecured.

The Haydenville Manufacturing Company, manufacturer of plumbers' brass supplies, with office at 73 Beckman street, this city, and factory at Haydenville, Mass., made an assignment yes-terday to George N. Robinson of Brooklyn and John Mayber of East Hampton, Mass. The Ha-bilities are \$125,000, and the assets are said to be from \$125,000 to \$150,000.

\$16,875 for This Moy's Leg.

A verdict against the Nassau Electric Rallroad Company in the sum of \$16,875 was rendered in the Supreme Court in Brooklyn yesterday in the suit of Andrea Vollkommen, 14 years old, who lost his right leg on Dec. 9, 1996, at Marcy avenue and Wolcott street. He was playing in the street, and while stooping over to pick up a ball from the track a car ran over him.

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